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 S^3 内の円錐面の特異点

①

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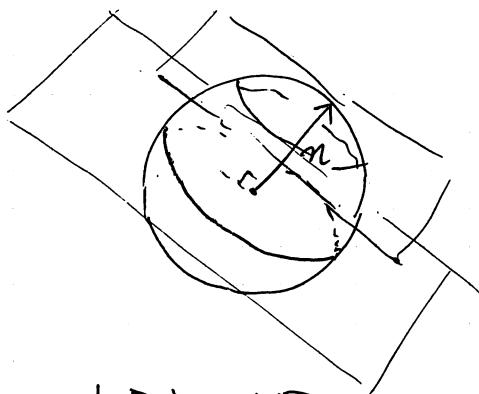
§1 序

$$S^3 = \{x = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \in \mathbb{R}^4 \mid |x| = 1\}$$

$$c \in [0, 1), n \in S^3$$

$$\text{大球} : \{x \in S^3 \mid n \cdot x = 0\}$$

$$\text{小球} : \{x \in S^3 \mid n \cdot x = c, c \neq 0\}$$



大円：大球の大円

小円：大球の小円 = 小球の大円 = 小球の小円

$$\Delta \subset S^3 \times S^3$$

$$\Delta = \{(x, y) \in S^3 \times S^3 \mid x \cdot y = 0\}$$

5次元

 $\mathbb{R}^4 \times \mathbb{R}^4$ 内の 1-forms θ_1, θ_2 で

$$\theta_1 = \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i dy_i, \quad \theta_2 = \sum_{i=1}^4 dx_i \cdot y_i$$

と定義

 θ_1, θ_2 は Δ 上で同心超平面場 K を定める。

$$\Theta := \theta_1|_{\Delta}$$

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$\theta = \Delta \hookrightarrow$ contact form.

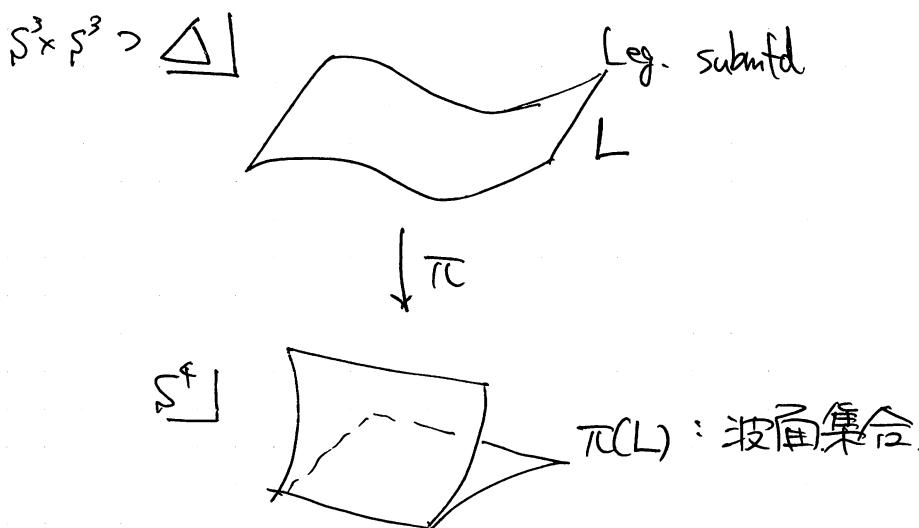
($d\theta : K_p \times K_p \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ 为非负的 $\forall p \in \Delta$)

$\mathcal{L}^{\tilde{s}} =$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Delta & \subset & S^3 \times S^3 \\ \pi_1 \searrow & & \downarrow \pi_2 \\ S^3 & & S^3 \end{array}$$

π_1, π_2 为 Legendre fibration

($\pi_1^{-1}(-\infty)$ 为 $K_1 = \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{S}^3$)



$U \subset \mathbb{R}^2$: 領域

$L = (f, g) : U \rightarrow \Delta$ 为 isotropic

$\iff \stackrel{\text{def}}{\quad} L^* \theta = 0$.

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△-dual

$f: U \rightarrow S^3$ は $g: U \rightarrow S^3$ の Δ -dual

$g: \text{---} \rightleftharpoons f: \text{---} \rightleftharpoons \text{---}$

f と g は 互いに Δ -dual

◎ $f: U \rightarrow S^3$ が 半波面

$\xleftarrow{\text{def}} \exists g: U \rightarrow S^3$ s.t. (f, g) は isotropic.

◎ $f: U \rightarrow S^3$ が 波面

$\xleftarrow{\text{def}}$ 半波面, (f, g) : isotropic. immersion.

例 131 $f: U \rightarrow S^3$: imm.

($U: u, v$)

$$f_u = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u}$$

$$g := f_u \times f_v \times f / |f_u \times f_v \times f| \leftarrow f \text{ の ガウス写像}$$

(f, g) : isotropic imm.

$\therefore f$: 波面.

g : 単割存在性質 $\rightsquigarrow f$ は?

① $g: \text{直} \Rightarrow f = \text{大正方形} = \{x \mid x \cdot g = 0\}$

② $g: \text{曲線}$

f : imm., umbilic free ($U: u, v$: 曲率線座標)

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f の カルヌ子像 $\equiv 0$.

u -曲線 = 0 -方向 (主曲率 0 方向)

v -方向 = 曲率 $\neq 0$.

$$g_u(u, v) = 0, \quad g_v(u, v) = -k(u, v) f_v(u, v)$$

$$g(u, v) = \gamma(v)$$

このとき

$$\Phi: S^1 \times (-\varepsilon, \varepsilon) \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\Phi(x, v) = g(0, v) \cdot x$$

とすると

$$\Phi^{-1}(0) = \{(x, v) \mid g(0, v) \cdot x = 0\}$$

補題 $\text{Image } f \subset D_{\Phi} = \{x \mid \exists v, \Phi(x, v) = \Phi_v(x, v) = 0\}$

$$\therefore \Phi(f(0, v), v) = g(0, v) \cdot f(0, v) = 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial u} \Phi(f(u, v), v) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial u} (g(0, v) \cdot f(u, v)) \\ &= g(0, v) \cdot f_u(u, v) \\ &= g(u, v) \cdot f_u(u, v) \\ &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \Phi(f(u, v), v) = 0 \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \Phi_u(f(u, v), v) = 0 \\ \text{も同様} \end{array} \right)$$

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$$\tilde{f}(\theta, v) := \cos\theta \cdot \boxed{f(0, v)} + \sin\theta \cdot \boxed{\frac{f_u(0, v)}{|f_u(0, v)|}}$$

とおりえ
image $\tilde{f} \subset D_\Phi$

で円盤で生成される大円

f は大円の $(-\pi, \pi)$ -パラメータ族の包絡曲線で、

大円の $(-\pi, \pi)$ -パラメータ族

これを調べよう！ 大円錐面といふ。

(great circular surf.)
g.c.s.

R^4 の onb Σ

$$a_0(t) = g(u_0, t)$$

$$a_1(t) = f(u_0, t)$$

$$a_2(t) = \frac{f_t(u_0, t)}{|f_t(u_0, t)|}$$

$$a_3(t) = \frac{f_u(u_0, t)}{|f_u(u_0, t)|}$$

$\tau l - u$ 方向

$$\tilde{f} = \cos\theta \cdot a_1 + \sin\theta \cdot a_3.$$

2. $\tau l - u$ 不変量

$a_0(t), \dots, a_3(t) : I \rightarrow S^3$: onb.

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} C_1(t) := a'_0 \cdot a_1 \\ C_2(t) := a'_0 \cdot a_2 \\ C_3(t) := a'_0 \cdot a_3 \\ C_4(t) := a'_1 \cdot a_2 \\ , C_5(t) := a'_1 \cdot a_3 \\ C_6(t) := a'_2 \cdot a_3 \end{array} \right|$$

とおりえ

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$$\underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix}}_{A(t)} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 0 & c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \\ -c_1 & 0 & c_4 & c_5 \\ -c_2 & -c_4 & 0 & c_6 \\ -c_3 & -c_5 & -c_6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}}_{C(t)} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix}}_{A(t)}$$

etz.

$$A'(t) = C(t) A(t).$$

$$C(t) \in \mathfrak{so}(4)$$

$$C(t) : I \longrightarrow \mathfrak{so}(4) \text{ : given.}$$

$$A(t_0) \in SO(4)$$

$$\exists A(t) : I \longrightarrow SO(4) \text{ s.t. } C(t) = A(t) A^{-1}(t)$$

$$\left\{ C : I \longrightarrow \mathfrak{so}(4) \right\} = \begin{matrix} \text{大円錐面} \\ \uparrow \text{大円錐面全体の空間} \\ + \text{Whitney } C^\infty\text{-位相.} \end{matrix}$$

3. 特異点

$$f : (\mathbb{R}^2, 0) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^3, 0)$$

$$0 \text{ が } f \text{ の特異点} \iff \text{rank } df_0 < 2.$$

$$\text{特異点の集合} = S(f)$$

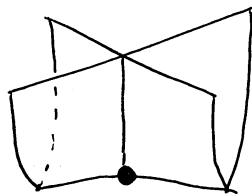
$$f, g : (\mathbb{R}^2, 0) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^3, 0) \text{ が } A\text{-同値}$$

$$\iff \begin{cases} \exists \sigma : (\mathbb{R}^2, 0) \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}^2, 0) \\ \exists \tau : (\mathbb{R}^3, 0) \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}^3, 0) \end{cases} \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{diffeos} \\ \text{s.t. } g = \tau \circ f \circ \sigma \end{array} \right\}$$

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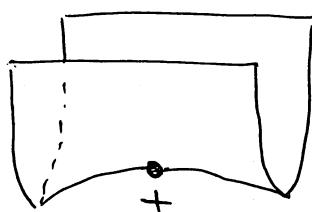
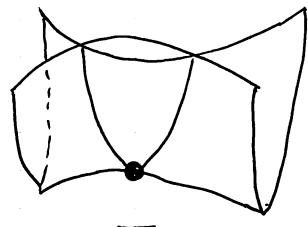
⑦

131 $f(u, v) = (u, v^2, uv)$



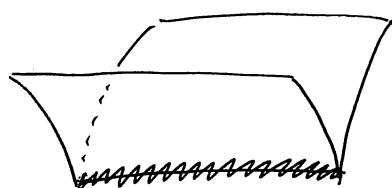
カスケード
WU

$f(u, v) = (u, v^2, v(u^2 \pm v^2))$



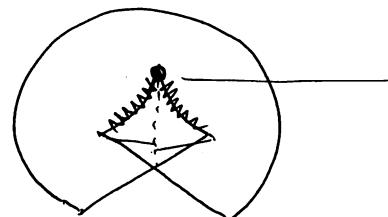
CMM

$f(u, v) = (u, v^2, v^3)$



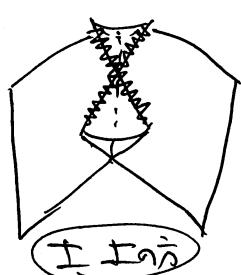
カスケード
ce.

$f(u, v) = (u, 4u^2 + 2uv, 3v^4 + uv^2)$

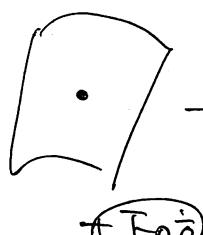


カスケード
sw

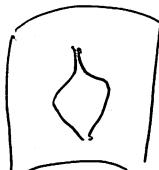
$f(u, v) = (u, 2v^3 \pm u^2v, 3v^4 \mp u^2v^2)$



カスケード
cbk



カスケード
Tnk

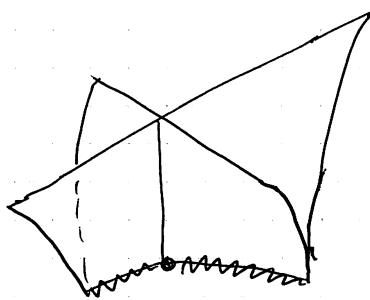


カスケード
clp

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(8)

$$f(u, v) = (u, v^2, uv^3)$$



カスプ的ホイールの率
cWU

4. 大円統面の特異点

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_0 \\ \vdots \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix} : I \rightarrow SO(4)$$

$$F = F_A(\theta, t) = \cos\theta \cdot a_1(t) + \sin\theta \cdot a_3(t)$$

$$(\theta_0, t_0) \in S(F)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} C_1 C_6 + C_3 C_4'' = 0 \\ \begin{pmatrix} C_1 & C_3 \\ C_4 & -C_6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_0 \\ \sin \theta_0 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \end{cases} \quad \text{at } t_0.$$

$$F \text{ at } (\theta_0, t_0) \underset{\star}{\sim} WU$$

$$\Leftrightarrow C_k = 0, \quad C'_k \neq 0, \quad \text{at } t_0.$$

C_k の幾何的意味.

F のガウス曲率.

$$K = \frac{-C_k^2}{(\cos\theta \cdot C_4 - \sin\theta \cdot C_6)^2 + (\cos\theta \cdot C_1 + \sin\theta \cdot C_3)^2}$$

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$$C_K \equiv 0 \text{ とす。}$$

$$\nabla - a_0 \text{ といふえど} C_3 \equiv 0 \text{ とす。}$$

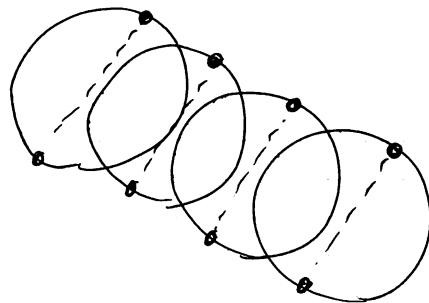
$$\nabla - C_1 \equiv 0 \text{ とす。}$$

とす

$g = a_0$ とすれば, a_0 は F の Δ -dual.

特異点は ce, SW, CWU 等ある

$$\nabla - C_4 \equiv 0 \text{ とす} \quad S(F) = \{(0, t), (\pi, t)\}$$



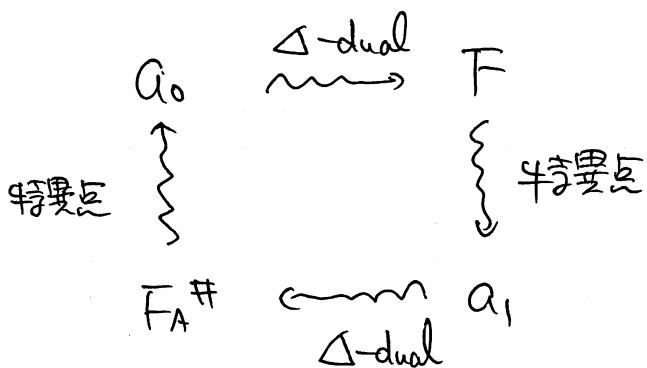
$$a_1 \cos t + a_3 \sin t$$

$$F(S(F)) = \{\pm a_1\}$$

$$a_1 \text{ が } \Delta\text{-dual} \text{ は } C_1 \equiv C_3 \equiv C_4 \equiv 0 \text{ かつ } \nabla -$$

$$F_A^\# := \cos \theta \cdot a_0 + \sin \theta \cdot a_2$$

$$F_A^\#(S(F_A^\#)) = \{\pm a_0\}$$



$$S(F_A^\#) = \{(0, t), (\pi, t)\}$$

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特異点の条件.

	ce	sw	CWU
F_A	$C_2 C_5 C_6 \neq 0$	$C_5 = 0$ $C_2 C_6 C'_5 \neq 0$	$C_2 = 0$ $C'_2 C_5 C_6 \neq 0$
F_A^*	$C_2 C_5 C_6 \neq 0$	$C_2 = 0$ $C'_2 C_5 C_6 \neq 0$	$C_5 = 0$ $C_2 C_6 C'_5 \neq 0$

5. 特異点の双対性

$$f: (\mathbb{R}^2, 0) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{S}^3, 0) \quad \text{半波面}$$

$$\lambda := \det(f_u, f_v, f, v) \quad (\text{ヤコビ行列式})$$

$$\lambda^{-1}(0) = S(f)$$

$$0 \in S(f)$$

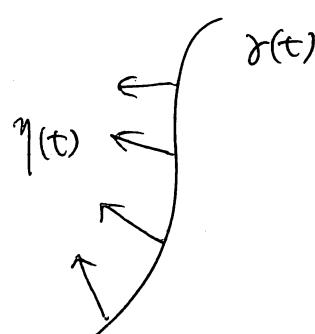
$$d\lambda(0) \neq 0. \quad \text{証.}$$

$$\Rightarrow \exists \gamma(t): ((-\varepsilon, \varepsilon), 0) \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}^2, 0) \quad \text{s.t. } \gamma(t) \text{ は } S(f) \text{ の正則なベクトル表示.}$$

$\eta(t) : \gamma|_{t=0}, t \in \mathbb{R}$ 場

$$\langle \eta(t) \rangle_R = \ker df_{\gamma(t)}$$

証.



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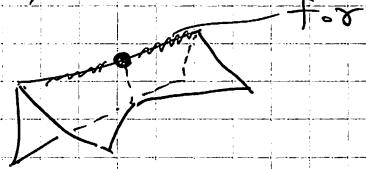
(11)

$$\psi = \det \left((\mathbf{f} \circ \gamma)'(t), \mathbf{v} \circ \gamma(t), (\eta \mathbf{v}) \circ \gamma(t), \mathbf{f} \circ \gamma(t) \right)$$

→ ②

$$(\mathbf{f} \circ \gamma)'(0) \neq 0 \Rightarrow \psi(0) = 0, \psi'(0) \neq 0.$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \text{f at } 0 \underset{\star}{\sim} \text{cWU}$$



$$(\mathbf{v} \circ \gamma)'(0) \neq 0 \Rightarrow \psi(0) = 0, \psi'(0) \neq 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \text{f at } 0 \underset{\star}{\sim} \text{SW}$$

