QCD thermodynamics with N<sub>f</sub>=3,2+1 near the continuum limit at realistic quark mass ~ status report ~

#### Takashi Umeda (BNL)

#### BNL

Saumen Datta Christian Schmidt Frithjof Karsch Chulwoo Jung Peter Petreczky

#### Columbia

Michael Cheng Norman Christ Robert Mawhinney *Tokyo* Shinji Ejiri *NBI* Kostya Petrov

#### Bielefeld

Matthias Doring Olaf Kaczmarek Edwin Laermann Chuan Miao Stanislav Shcheredin Jan van der Heide Sonke Wissel



### Motivation



 The critical parameters of the QCD transition and EoS from first principle calculation (Lattice QCD)
 T<sub>c</sub>, ε<sub>c</sub>, phase diagram, small μ<sub>B</sub>, etc...

 These are very important for Heavy Ion Phenomenology many phenomenological models based on the parameters from lattice QCD results

More accurate determination of these params. is required !

from recent studies these results strongly depend on quark mass & N<sub>f</sub>

Our aim is thermodynamics at almost realistic quark mass &  $N_{\rm f}$  (2+1)-flavor with, pion mass ~ 200MeV, kaon mass ~ 500MeV

# Our Strategy

For "the almost realistic quark mass at N<sub>f</sub>=2+1" - pion mass ~ 200MeV, kaon mass ~ 500MeV

- Choice of quark action
  - $\rightarrow$  Staggered type quark action
- huge computational resource is required → QCDOC machine, APE-Next machine
- continuum limit - Nt=4,6(,8) → a=0.2,0.16(,0.1)fm
  - improved action for reliable continuum limit with not so fine lattices





### US/RBRC QCDOC 20.000.000.000 ops/sec



#### BI – apeNEXT 5.000.000.000 ops/sec



today: 1.6 TFlops

http://www.quark.phy.bnl/~hotqcd



improved Staggered action : p4-action

- Karsch, Heller, Sturm (1999)
  gluonic part : Symanzik improvement scheme
  - remove cut-off effects of  $O(a^2)$
  - tree level improvement  $O(g^0)$

fermion part : improved staggered fermion

- remove cut-off effects & improve rotational sym.
- improve flavor symmetry by smeared 1-link term





The free quark propagator is rotational invariant up to  $O(p^4)$ 

Bulk thermodynamic quantities show drastically reduced cut-off effects

flavor sym. is also improved by fat link



# Numerical results

# Calculation for Critical temperature



multi-histogram method (Ferrenberg-Swendson) is used
 Transition becomes stronger for smaller light quark masses
 \$\beta\_c\$ are determined by peak positions of the susceptibilities



β<sub>c</sub> are determined by peak positions of the susceptibilities

 → consistent with β<sub>c</sub> from chiral susceptibility

 Transition becomes stronger for larger volume

## Critical temperature

(1) critical beta search - from the chiral susceptibilities - fits with power lows



#### (2) scale determination from static quark potential Sommer scale & string tention



Almost no mass & cutoff dep. in potential scaled by  $r_0$ 10

APS Apr. meeting 24 Apr. 2006



The cut-off effect in T<sub>c</sub> is about 5% in m<sub>q</sub>=0 limit of 3-flavor QCD
 Results is consistent with previous Bielefeld result

### Summary

Critical coupling, temperature - 3-flavor QCD  $m_{pi}/m_{rho} \ge 0.2$ , N<sub> $\sigma$ </sub>=8,16,32, N<sub> $\tau$ </sub>=4,6 - (2+1)-flavor QCD  $m_{q}/m_{s} \ge 0.05$ , N<sub> $\sigma$ </sub>=8,16, N<sub> $\tau$ </sub>=4



(2+1)-flavor N $_{\tau}$ =4,6 - determination of Tc - Calculation of EoS - etc...



## Order parameters

### (2+1)-flavor, 8<sup>3</sup>x4 lattice



■  $\beta_c$  are determined by peak positions of the susceptibilities → consistent with  $\beta_c$  from chiral susceptibility

APS Apr. meeting 24 Apr. 2006 (4)Order param. + finite V = 2pages



## Contents

Motivation

### Our strategy

- Computers
- Lattice setup
- Choice of action
- Numerical results
  - Order parameters
  - Critical temperature
- Summary

